19-20-21 NOVEMBRE 2025



Quoi de neuf dans l'intubation aux urgences?

Pr X. Combes, SAMU 33, CHU de Bordeaux

Conflits d'intérêt

- Expert pour la RFE SFAR-SFMU « intubation en urgence chez l'adulte hors bloc opératoire et hors réanimation »
- · Coordonnateur PRHC « OSETIM »





RECOMMANDATIONS FORMALISEES D'EXPERTS

De la Société Française d'Anesthésie et Réanimation (SFAR)

ET

De la Société Française de Médecine d'Urgence (SFMU)

Intubation en urgence d'un adulte hors bloc opératoire et hors unité des soins critiques

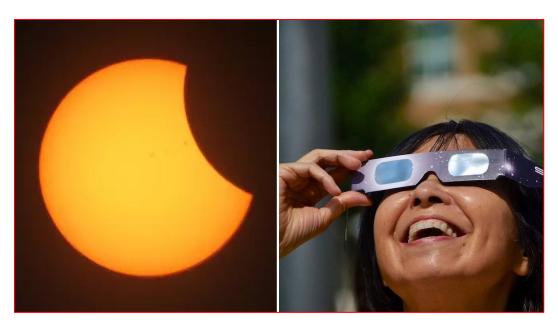
Emergency intubation of an adult outside the operating room and intensive care unit

2024

Texte validé par le Comité des Référentiels Cliniques de la SFAR le 25/10/2024, le Conseil d'Administration de la SFAR le 03/12/2024, le Comité de Référentiels de la SFMU le 25/10/2024, le Conseil d'Administration de la SFMU le 21/11/2024.

Auteurs: Thomas CLAVIER, Eric CESAREO, Denis FRASCA, Frédéric ADNET, Marie-Pierre BONNET, Fanny VARDON, Nathalie BRUNEAU, Xavier COMBES, Julie CONTENTI, Anne-Laure FERAL-PIERSSENS, Michel GALINSKI, Jérémy GUENEZAN, Cédric GIL-JARDINE, Alice HUTIN,





On intube moins....

- >Choc hémorragique
- >Traumatisme pénétrant du tronc
- >Etat de mal épileptique
- >Coma toxique
- >ACR

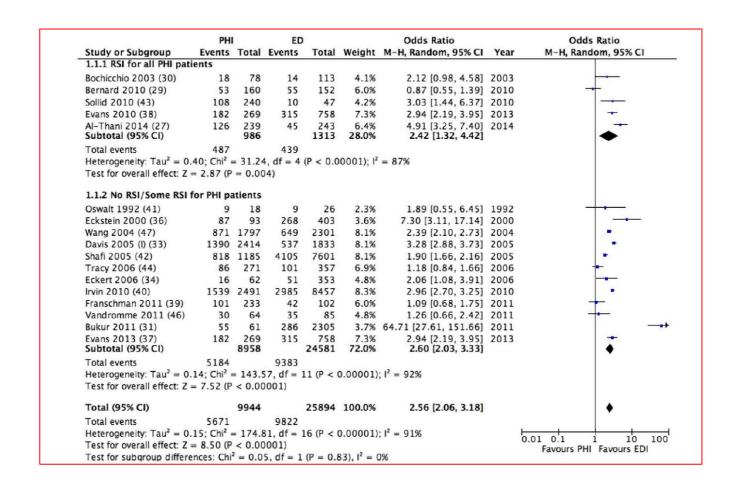


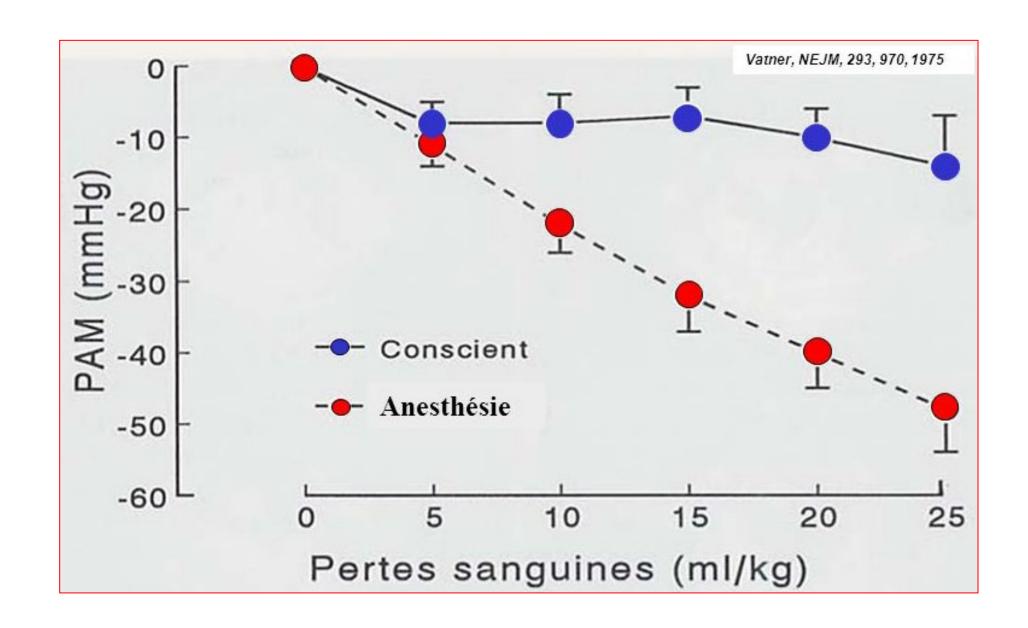




A systematic review and meta-analysis comparing mortality in pre-hospital tracheal intubation to emergency department intubation in trauma patients

Espen Fevang^{1,2*}, Zane Perkins^{3,4}, David Lockey^{3,4,5}, Elisabeth Jeppesen^{1,5} and Hans Morten Lossius^{1,5}





Clinical Review & Education

Surgical Innovation

Circulation First for the Rapidly Bleeding Trauma Patient— It Is Time to Reconsider the ABCs of Trauma Care

2023

Paula Ferrada, MD; Sharmila Dissanaike, MD





JAMA | Original Investigation | CARING FOR THE CRITICALLY ILL PATIENT

Effect of Noninvasive Airway Management of Comatose Patients With Acute Poisoning A Randomized Clinical Trial

Yonathan Freund, MD, PhD; Damien Viglino, MD, PhD; Marine Cachanado, MSc; Clémentine Cassard, MD;

JAMA. doi:10.1001/jama.2023.24391 Published online November 29, 2023.

>Coma toxique

Median Glasgow Coma Scale score, median (IQR)	6 (3-7)	6 (3-7)	
Glasgow coma scale score = 3	38 (33)	28 (23)	

> Pas d'autres défaillances

	No. (%)			Absolute difference,
Outcome	Restricted intubation (n = 116)	Control (n = 109)	Value (95% CI)	percentage points (95% CI) ^b
Components of the primary outcome				
In-hospital death	0	0	NC	NC
Intensive care unit admission	46 (39.7)	72 (66.1)	OR = 0.23 (0.12 to 0.44)	-29.2 (-41.0 to -17.4)
Median length of intensive care unit stay (IQR), h	0 (0 to 18.5)	24.0 (0 to 57.0)	RR = 0.39 (0.24 to 0.66)	
Median length of hospital stay (IQR), h	21.5 (10.5 to 44.5)	37.0 (16.0 to 79.0)	RR = 0.74 (0.53 to 1.03)	
Mechanical ventilation	21 (18.1)	65 (59.6)	OR = 0.12 (0.06 to 0.24)	-42.5 (-54.1 to -30.9)
Additional secondary outcomes				
Median length of mechanical ventilation (IQR), h	0 (0 to 0)	6.0 (0 to 21.0)	RR = 0.21 (0.11 to 0.38)	
Occurrence of pneumonia	8 (6.9)	16 (14.7)	OR = 0.43 (0.18 to 1.05)	-7.8 (-15.9 to 0.3)

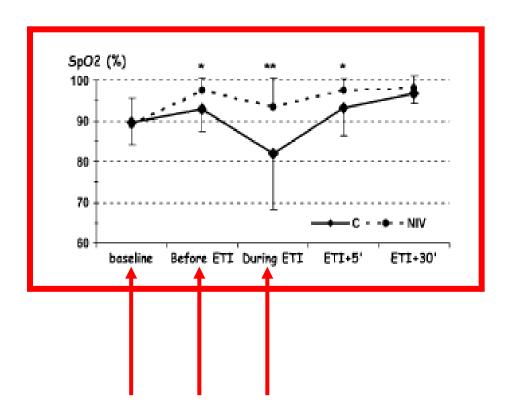
Gestion de la désaturation

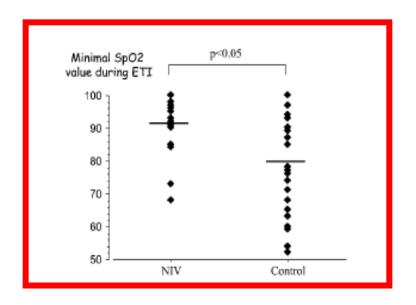
>Principale complication de l'intubation en urgence

►De 10 à 15%



VNI et pré oxygénation, une vieille histoire...





Baillard C; Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2006



HOME PATIENTS PROFESSIONALS PUBLICATIONS ABOUT PCCRG •

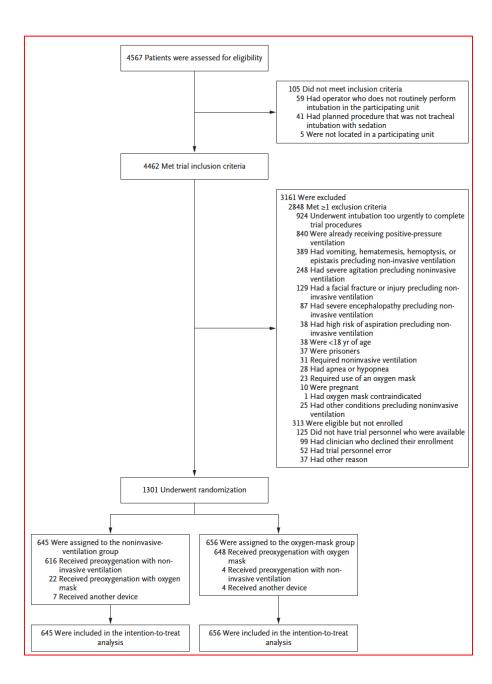


2024

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Noninvasive Ventilation for Preoxygenation during Emergency Intubation

K.W. Gibbs, M.W. Semler, B.E. Driver, K.P. Seitz, S.B. Stempek, C. Taylor, D. Resnick-Ault, H.D. White, S. Gandotra, K.C. Doerschug, A. Mohamed, M.E. Prekker, A. Khan, J.P. Gaillard, L. Andrea, N.R. Aggarwal, J.C. Brainard, L.A.H. Barnett, S.J. Halliday, V. Blinder, A. Dagan, M.R. Whitson, S.G. Schauer, J.E. Walker, Jr., A.B. Barker, J.A. Palakshappa, A. Muhs, J.M. Wozniak, P.J. Kramer, C. Withers, S.A. Ghamande, D.W. Russell, A. Schwartz, A. Moskowitz, S.J. Hansen, G. Allada, J.K. Goranson, D.G. Fein, P.D. Sottile, N. Kelly, S.M. Alwood, M.T. Long, R. Malhotra, N.I. Shapiro, D.B. Page, B.J. Long, C.B. Thomas, S.A. Trent, D.R. Janz, T.W. Rice, W.H. Self, V.S. Bebarta, B.D. Lloyd, J. Rhoads, K. Womack, B. Imhoff, A.A. Ginde, and J.D. Casey, for the PREOXI Investigators and the Pragmatic Critical Care Research Group*



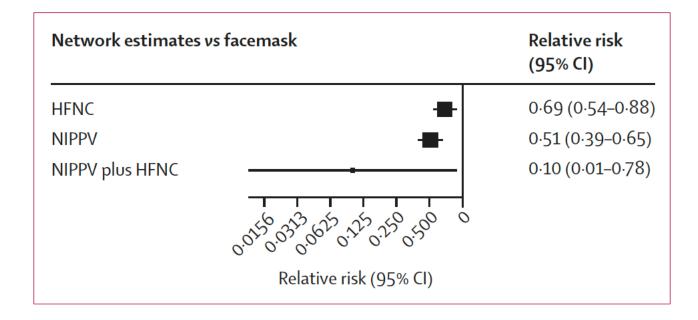
Outcome	Noninvasive Ventilation (N = 645)	Oxygen Mask (N=656)	Difference (95% CI)*
Primary outcome			
Hypoxemia during intubation — no./total no. (%)†‡	57/624 (9.1)	118/637 (18.5)	-9.4 (-13.2 to -5.6)∫
Secondary outcome			
Median lowest oxygen saturation (IQR) — %‡	99 (95 to 100)	97 (89 to 100)	2 (1 to 3)
Exploratory procedural outcomes			
Lowest oxygen saturation <80% — no./total no. (%)‡	39/624 (6.2)	84/637 (13.2)	-6.9 (-10.2 to -3.7)
Lowest oxygen saturation <70% — no./total no. (%)‡	15/624 (2.4)	36/637 (5.7)	−3.2 (−5.4 to −1.1)
Cardiovascular collapse — no./total no. (%)¶	113/645 (17.5)	127/656 (19.4)	-1.8 (-6.1 to 2.4)
Systolic blood pressure <65 mm Hg — no./total no. (%)	18/621 (2.9)	28/633 (4.4)	-1.5 (-3.6 to 0.6)
New or increased use of vasopressors — no./total no. (%)	111/645 (17.2)	117/656 (17.8)	-0.6 (-4.8 to 3.5)
Cardiac arrest — no./total no. (%)	1/645 (0.2)	7/656 (1.1)	-0.9 (-1.8 to -0.1)
Successful intubation on the first attempt — no./total no. (%)	534/645 (82.8)	535/656 (81.6)	1.2 (-2.9 to 5.4)
Median time from induction to intubation (IQR) — seconds	115 (89 to 150)	113 (85 to 152)	2 (-5 to 9)
Exploratory safety outcomes			
Operator-reported aspiration — no./total no. (%)**	6/645 (0.9)	9/656 (1.4)	-0.4 (-1.6 to 0.7)
New infiltrate on chest imaging — no./total no. (%)††	144/509 (28.3)	148/497 (29.8)	-1.5 (-7.1 to 4.1)
New pneumothorax — no./total no. (%)‡‡	7/509 (1.4)	7/497 (1.4)	0.0 (-1.5 to 1.4)
Median oxygen saturation at 24 hr (IQR)∭	97 (95 to 100)	97 (95 to 100)	0 (–1 to 1)
Median F102 at 24 hr (IQR)¶¶	0.40 (0.30 to 0.40)	0.40 (0.30 to 0.40)	0.01 (-0.05 to 0.05)
Exploratory clinical outcomes			
Median ventilator-free days (IQR)	21 (0 to 26)	17 (0 to 25)	4 (-1 to 9)
Median ICU-free days (IQR)	16 (0 to 23)	14 (0 to 23)	2 (–1 to 8)
In-hospital death — no./total no. (%)	209/645 (32.4)	217/656 (33.1)	-0.7 (-5.8 to 4.4)

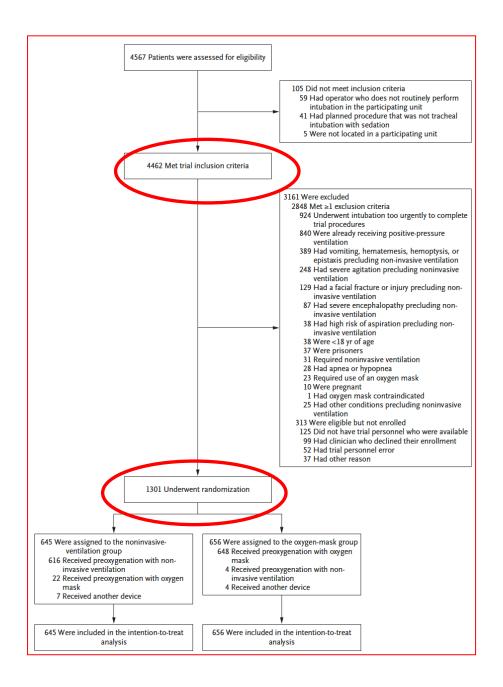
Preoxygenation strategies for intubation of patients who are critically ill: a systematic review and network meta-analysis of randomised trials



Lancet 2025

Tyler Pitre, Winnie Liu, Dena Zeraatkar, Jonathan D Casey, Joanna C Dionne, Kevin W Gibbs, Adit A Ginde, Natalie Needham-Nethercott, Todd W Rice, Matthew W Semler, Bram Rochwerg





4462 Met trial inclusion criteria

1301 Underwent randomization

Que retenir

- >VNI si possible
- >Si sous OHD, le garder
- >Si urgence ou contre indication, Masque à haute concentration

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

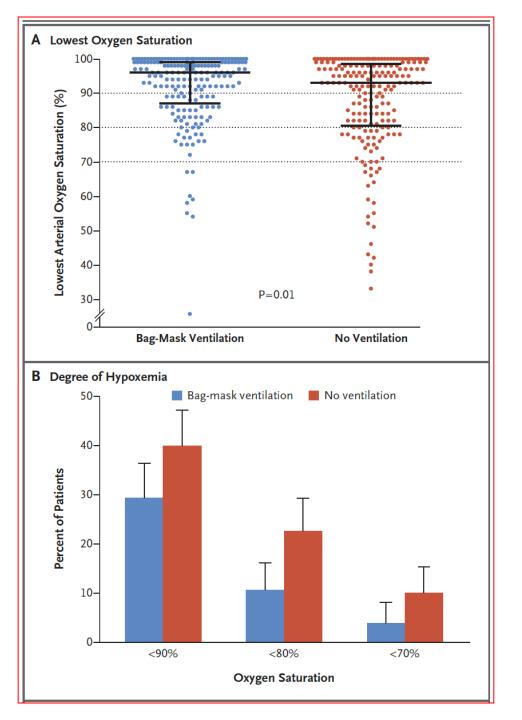
ESTABLISHED IN 1812

FEBRUARY 28, 2019

VOL. 380 NO. 9

Bag-Mask Ventilation during Tracheal Intubation of Critically Ill Adults

Jonathan D. Casey, M.D., David R. Janz, M.D., Derek W. Russell, M.D., Derek J. Vonderhaar, M.D., Aaron M. Joffe, D.O., Kevin M. Dischert, M.D., Ryan M. Brown, M.D., Aline N. Zouk, M.D., Swati Gulati, M.B., B.S., Brent E. Heideman, M.D., Michael G. Lester, M.D., Alexandra H. Toporek, M.D., Itay Bentov, M.D., Ph.D., Wesley H. Self, M.D., Todd W. Rice, M.D., and Matthew W. Semler, M.D., for the PreVent Investigators and the Pragmatic Critical Care Research Group*





La sédation



Research

JAMA | Original Investigation | CARING FOR THE CRITICALLY ILL PATIENT

2021

Intubation Practices and Adverse Peri-intubation Events in Critically III Patients From 29 Countries

Vincenzo Russotto, MD; Sheila Nainan Myatra, MD; John G. Laffey, MD, MA; Elena Tassistro, MS; Laura Antolini, PhD; Philippe Bauer, MD, PhD; Jean Baptiste Lascarrou, MD, PhD; Konstanty Szułdrzyński, MD, PhD; Luigi Camporota, MD; Paolo Pelosi, MD; Massimiliano Sorbello, MD; Andy Higgs, MD; Robert Greif, MD; Christian Putensen, MD; Christina Agvald-Öhman, MD, PhD; Athanasios Chalkias, MD, PhD; Kristaps Bokums, MD; David Brewster, MD; Emanuela Rossi, MS; Roberto Fumagalli, MD; Antonio Pesenti, MD; Giuseppe Foti, MD; Giacomo Bellani, MD, PhD; for the INTUBE Study Investigators

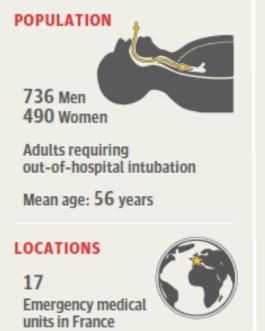
Quel curare?

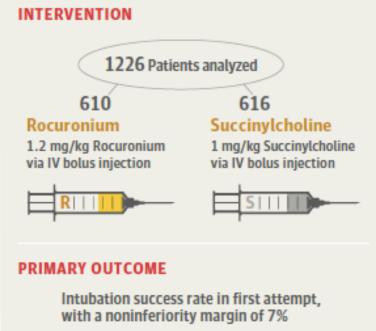


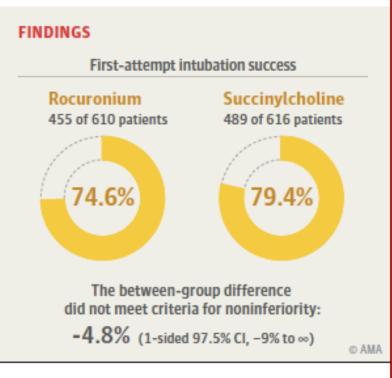


QUESTION Is rocuronium noninferior to succinylcholine for first-attempt endotracheal intubation success among patients undergoing rapid sequence intubation in an out-of-hospital emergency setting?

CONCLUSION This randomized trial did not demonstrate the noninferiority of rocuronium compared with succinylcholine with regard to first-attempt endotracheal intubation success.







Guihard B, Chollet-Xémard C, Lakhnati P, et al. Effect of rocuronium vs succinylcholine on endotracheal intubation success rate among patients undergoing out-of-hospital rapid sequence intubation: a randomized clinical trial [published December 17, 2019]. JAMA. doi:10.1001/2019.18254

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

2023

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Video versus Direct Laryngoscopy for Tracheal Intubation of Critically Ill Adults

M.E. Prekker, B.E. Driver, S.A. Trent, D. Resnick-Ault, K.P. Seitz, D.W. Russell, J.P. Gaillard, A.J. Latimer, S.A. Ghamande, K.W. Gibbs, D.J. Vonderhaar, M.R. Whitson, C.R. Barnes, J.P. Walco, I.S. Douglas, V. Krishnamoorthy, A. Dagan, J.J. Bastman, B.D. Lloyd, S. Gandotra, J.K. Goranson, S.H. Mitchell, H.D. White, J.A. Palakshappa, A. Espinera, D.B. Page, A. Joffe, S.J. Hansen, C.G. Hughes, T. George, J.T. Herbert, N.I. Shapiro, S.G. Schauer, B.J. Long, B. Imhoff, L. Wang, J.P. Rhoads, K.N. Womack, D.R. Janz, W.H. Self, T.W. Rice, A.A. Ginde, J.D. Casey, and M.W. Semler, for the DEVICE Investigators and the Pragmatic Critical Care Research Group*





La fin du laryngoscope?

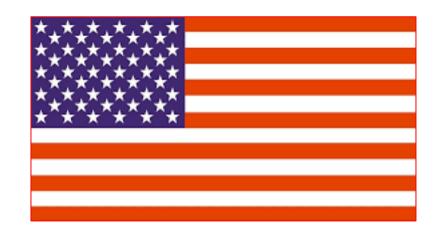




ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Video versus Direct Laryngoscopy for Tracheal Intubation of Critically Ill Adults

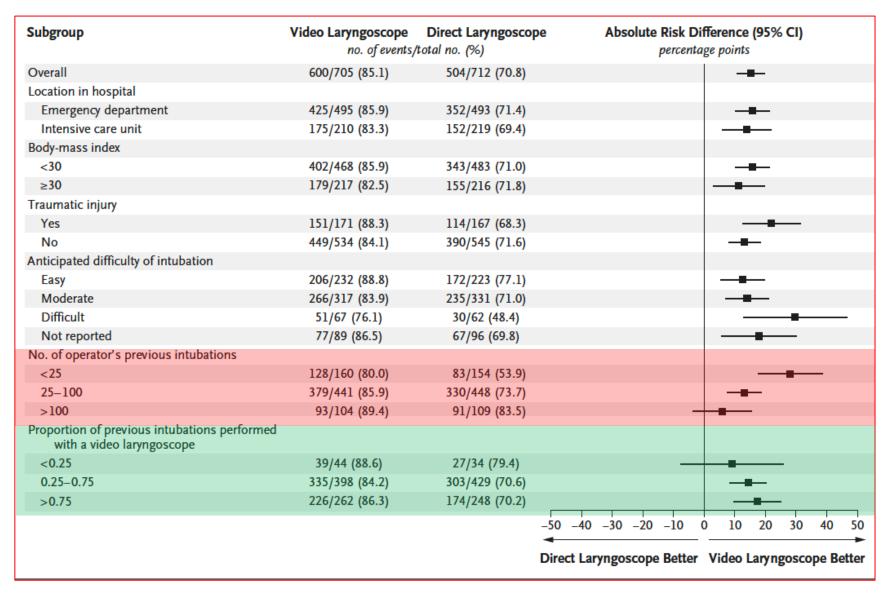
M.E. Prekker, B.E. Driver, S.A. Trent, D. Resnick-Ault, K.P. Seitz, D.W. Russell, J.P. Gaillard, A.J. Latimer, S.A. Ghamande, K.W. Gibbs, D.J. Vonderhaar, M.R. Whitson, C.R. Barnes, J.P. Walco, I.S. Douglas, V. Krishnamoorthy, A. Dagan, J.J. Bastman, B.D. Lloyd, S. Gandotra, J.K. Goranson, S.H. Mitchell, H.D. White, J.A. Palakshappa, A. Espinera, D.B. Page, A. Joffe, S.J. Hansen, C.G. Hughes, T. George, J.T. Herbert, N.I. Shapiro, S.G. Schauer, B.J. Long, B. Imhoff, L. Wang, J.P. Rhoads, K.N. Womack, D.R. Janz, W.H. Self, T.W. Rice, A.A. Ginde, J.D. Casey, and M.W. Semler, for the DEVICE Investigators and the Pragmatic Critical Care Research Group*

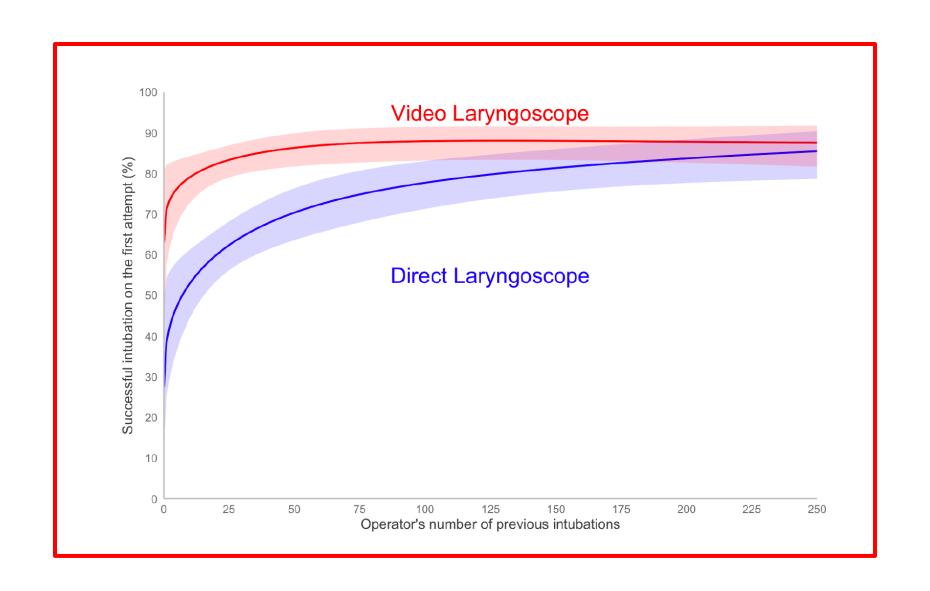


- >Essai randomisé
- > Multicentrique
- >17 SAU et Réa
- >Patients adultes

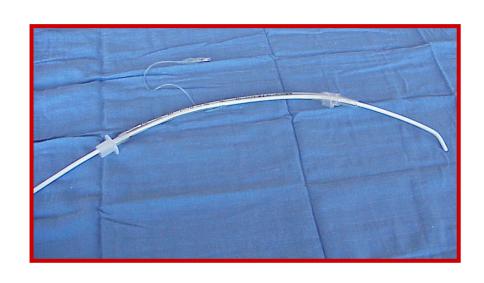


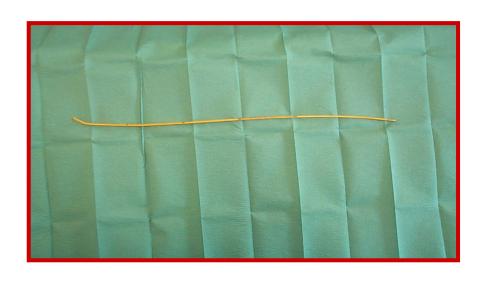
Analyse en sous groupes





Un mandrin pour tout le monde?





Research |

JAMA | Original Investigation

Effect of Use of a Bougie vs Endotracheal Tube and Stylet on First-Attempt Intubation Success Among Patients With Difficult Airways Undergoing Emergency Intubation A Randomized Clinical Trial

Brian E. Driver, MD; Matthew E. Prekker, MD; Lauren R. Klein, MD; Robert F. Reardon, MD; James R. Miner, MD; Erik T. Fagerstrom, BA; Mitchell R. Cleghorn, BS; John W. McGill, MD; Jon B. Cole, MD

AIRWAY/ORIGINAL RESEARCH

The Bougie and First-Pass Success in the Emergency Department



Brian Driver, MD*; Kenneth Dodd, MD; Lauren R. Klein, MD; Ryan Buckley, MD; Aaron Robinson, MD; John W. McGill, MD; Robert F. Reardon, MD; Matthew E. Prekker, MD

*Corresponding Author. E-mail: briandriver@gmail.com, Twitter: @brian_driver.

Study objective: The bougie may improve first-pass intubation success in operating room patients. We seek to determine whether bougie use is associated with emergency department (ED) first-pass intubation success.

Methods: We studied consecutive adult ED intubations at an urban, academic medical center during 2013. Intubation events were identified by motion-activated video recording. We determined the association between bougle use and first-pass intubation success, adjusting for neuromuscular blockade, video laryngoscopy, abnormal airway anatomy, and whether the patient was placed in the sniffing position or the head was lifted off the bed during intubation.

Results: Intubation with a Macintosh blade was attempted in 543 cases; a bougie was used on the majority of initial attempts (80%; n=435). First-pass success was greater with than without bougie use (95% versus 86%; absolute difference 9% [95% confidence interval (CI) 2% to 16%]). The median first-attempt duration was higher with than without bougie (40 versus 27 seconds; difference 14 seconds [95% CI 11 to 16 seconds]). Bougie use was independently associated with greater first-pass success (adjusted odds ratio 2.83 [95% CI 1.35 to 5.92]).

Conclusion: Bougle was associated with increased first-pass intubation success. Bougle use may be helpful in ED intubation. [Ann Emerg Med. 2017;70:473-478.]

Please see page 474 for the Editor's Capsule Summary of this article.



AIRWAY/SYSTEMATIC REVIEW/META-ANALYSIS

Effect of Bougie Use on First-Attempt Success in Tracheal Intubations: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis

Rafael von Hellmann, MD; Natalia Fuhr, MD; Ian Ward A. Maia, MD; Danielle Gerberi, MLIS; Daniel Pedrollo, MD, MS; Fernanda Bellolio, MD, MS; Lucas Oliveira J. e Silva, MD, MS*

*Corresponding Author. E-mail: lojesilva@gmail.com or lojsilva@hcpa.edu.br.

The use of a bougle, a flexible endotracheal tube introducer, has been proposed to optimize first-attempt success in emergency department intubations. We aimed to evaluate the available evidence on the association of bougie use in the first attempt and success in tracheal intubations. This was a systematic review and meta-analysis of studies that evaluated first-attempt success between adults intubated with a bougie versus without a bougie (usually with a stylet) in all settings. Manikin and cadaver studies were excluded. A medical librarian searched Ovid Cochrane Central, Ovid Embase, Ovid Medline, Scopus, and Web of Science for randomized controlled trials and comparative observational studies from inception to June 2023. Study selection and data extraction were done in duplicate by 2 independent reviewers. We conducted a meta-analysis with random-effects models, and we used GRADE to assess the certainty of evidence at the outcome level. We screened a total of 2,699 studies, and 133 were selected for full-text review. A total of 18 studies, including 12 randomized controlled trials, underwent quantitative analysis. In the meta-analysis of 18 studies (9,151 patients), bougie use was associated with increased first-attempt intubation success (pooled risk ratio [RR] 1.11, 95% confidence interval [CI] 1.06 to 1.17, low certainty evidence). Bougie use was associated with increased first-attempt success across all analyzed subgroups with similar effect estimates, including in emergency intubations (9 studies; 8,070 patients; RR 1.11, 95% CI 1.05 to 1.16, low certainty). The highest point estimate favoring the use of a bougie was in the subgroup of patients with Cormack-Lehane III or IV (5 studies, 585 patients, RR 1.60, 95% CI 1.40 to 1.84, moderate certainty). In this meta-analysis, the bougie as an aid in the first intubation attempt was associated with increased success. Despite the certainty of evidence being low, these data suggest that a bougle should probably be used first and not as a rescue device in emergency intubations. [Ann Emerg Med. 2023; 1-13.]

Please see page XX for the Editor's Capsule Summary of this article.

Cricothyroïdotomie

>Très rare

>Très facile?

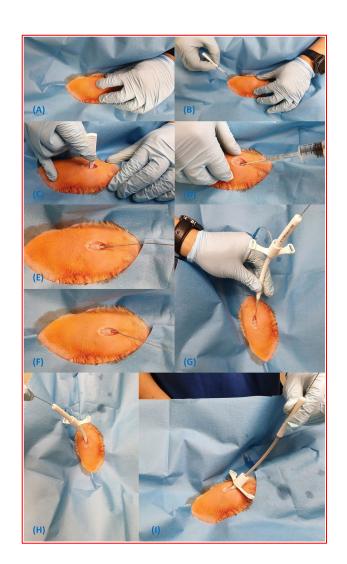
>Quelle technique?

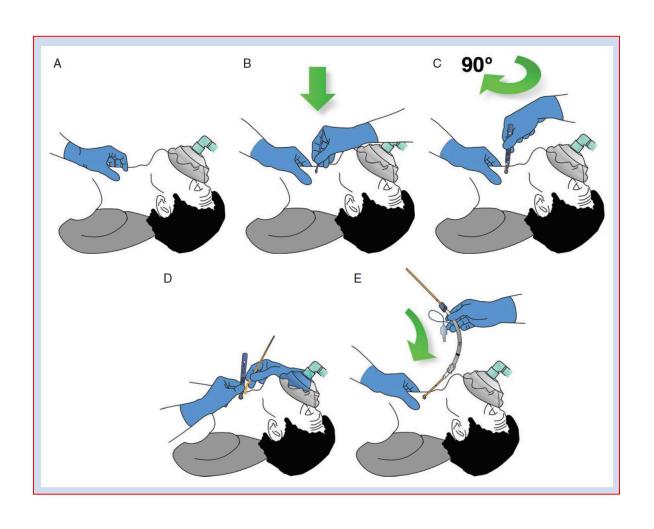






Seldinger ou SMS?





Intubation en urgence intrahospitalière Pré-oxygénation systématique - VNI sauf CI (Trauma facial, ...) Si détresse respiratoire sur - BAVU, OHD ou MHC si CI VNI obstruction des VAS : discuter trachéotomie de sauvetage au Après induction : si Sp02 ≤ 90% bloc opératoire en VS sous AL - Choix opérateur disponible le plus expérimenté avant toute induction - Ventilation manuelle BAVU (Basse pression et petits volumes) Vidéolaryngoscopie Stylet ou mandrin long béquillé MAXIMUM 2 tentatives en 2 min * Echec* SpO2 ≤ 90 SpO2 > 90 % Appel renfort expert Laryngoscopie directe Stylet ou mandrin long béquillé Echec* Fibroscope MAXIMUM 1 tentative Choix fonction contexte/expertise Dispositif supra glottique 2ème génération MAXIMUM 1 tentative Echec* Succès Contrôle capnographique Réveil possible ? Non * Si la procédure est prolongée (> 5 mn) : évoquer la possibilité d'un complément d'induction anesthésique par hypnotique Cricothyroidotomie Réveil +/- curare (scalpel/mandrin/sonde)